Trade union strategy on Agenda 2030
# The social dimension of the SDGs

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<th>ODS 1. Fin de la pobreza</th>
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**Pilar Social**
- Metas con fines sociales explícitos

**Extendido**
- Metas de orden económico/medioambiental/institucional con impacto directo sobre el desarrollo social
- Medios de implementación
What is our engagement strategy?

**Mobilisation and Engagement**
Familiarise Trade Unions with Agenda 2030

**Advocacy and Implementation**
Trade Unions influence Agenda 2030 planning and implementation through social dialogue

**Monitoring and Reporting**
“Trade Union report on SDGs implementation”
Levels of Involvement

- **Global**
  - UN ECE, GVA
    - 1-3 March
  - UN-ESCAP, BKK
    - 28-30 March
  - UN-ECLAC, MX
    - 9-13 April
  - UN-ECA, Addis May (tbc)

- **Regional**

- **National**
  - National implementation and monitoring

- **Global**
  - HLPF, NY mid-July
Trade union priority SDGs
Trade union FOCUS on SDGs

Role of Social Dialogue

Social Dialogue as a “means of implementation” of Agenda 2030 to:

- ensure a rights based development

- ensure inclusive governance and democratic ownership of developmental processes

ARE TRADE UNIONS AT THE TABLE?


The government agency in charge of the implementation of the 2030 Agenda is the Ministry of Macroeconomic Planning and Investment Promotion. The ministry spearheads a multi-stakeholder platform to consult civil society on the implementation of the SDGs, although its first meeting only took place in June 2017.

The government has only recently begun to report on SDG implementation at the national level through the National Voluntary Review. According to Zimbabwean trade unions, the reporting mechanisms in place are not yet adequate and greater inclusion of civil society with full geographical representation is needed. The reporting mechanisms should not be ad hoc but should be structured in a manner that allows continuity. In addition, the budget allocated for the implementation of the SDGs is insufficient.

TRANSPARENCY

access to key documents on SDGs programming and/or implementation

CONSULTATION

existence of an official multi-stakeholder platform on the SDGs

SOCIAL DIALOGUE

dialogue among worker, employer and government representatives on SDG implementation
Trade union country reports on SDGs

8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment

8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and nonfatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status

8.8.2 Level of national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status

8.8.T1 Number of trained labour inspectors as a ratio of workforce

8.8.T2 Ratification of ILO Conventions Freedom of Association and CB

8.8.T3 Collective bargaining coverage

8.8.T4 Trade union density
1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than $1.25 a day

1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line (1.9 USD), by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)

| 1.1.T1 Employed persons living below the nationally-defined poverty line by sex and age |
| 1.1.T2 Percentage of people living in poverty on 3,2 USD a day |
Trade union country reports on SDGs

10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality

10.4.1 Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers

10.4.T1 Share of top 10% income earners in overall GDP

10.4.T2 Share of bottom 20% income earners in overall GDP

10.4.T3 Minimum wage as % of the median wages

= minimum wage / median wage x 100
Trade union country reports on SDGs: independent monitoring system

→ Mobilize national organisations’ involvement on SDGs implementation with their governments

→ Provide evidence, collecting relevant data, using indicators and analysis

→ Exposing weak compliance to trigger policy change
Examples

→ **Venezuelan** trade unions undertake awareness-raising activities among its members and liaises with government authorities and parliamentarians to advocate about trade union priorities for SDG implementation;

→ **Zimbabwe** unions held a National Stakeholders Conference on SDGs attended by critical Ministries implementing SDGs, ILO, trade unions, UN Agencies, members of Parliament and employers organisation, which lead to the creation of a national dialogue platform for learning and sharing on the role of various national stakeholders in mainstreaming SDGs in national processes and national development plans and policies;

→ **Costa Rican** trade unions signed a National Pact with the national government, with employers and civil society to advance SDG implementation, committing contribution to SDG achievement.
What’s next?

2018 goals under review

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES
12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION
15 LIFE ON LAND

2019 goals under review

4 QUALITY EDUCATION
8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES
13 CLIMATE ACTION
16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS