













Dominican Republic Country Profile

Country Profile

Key Indicators	Var	Initial	Trend	Latest
GDP per capita, PPP (constant 2005 international \$)	▲ 24%	3,740 (1990)		8,142 (2010)
Energy use (kg of oil equivalent) per \$1,000 GDP (constant 2005 PPP)	▼ 30%	149 (1990)		105 (2009)
CO₂ emissions (metric tons per capita)	▲ 52%	1.3 (1990)		2.0 (2009)
Unemployment, total (% of total labor force)	▼ 29%	20 (1991)		14 (2008)
Literacy rate, adult total (% of people ages 15 and above)	▲ 1%	87 (2002)		88.2 (2007)
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply employment	▲ 277%	8,188 (1991)		30,830 (2007)
Construction employment	▲ 165%	93,155 (1991)		246,854 (2007)
Transport, Storage and Communications employment	▲ 90%	135,675 (1991)		257,454 (2007)
Manufacturing employment	▲ 22%	406,783 (1991)		494,541 (2007)
Agriculture employment	▲ 13%	457,748 (1991)		515,061 (2007)
Water employment				
Hours actually worked (employees, men & women)	▼ 1.4%	40.1 (2001)		39.6 (2008)
Earnings per hour – Dollar (employees, men & women)	▲ 52%	0.76 (2000)		1.16 (2006)
Compensated injuries (total)	-	-		9,897 (2008)

Labour market and other selected indicators by sector

AGRICULTURE	Var	Initial	Trend	Latest
Gross Value Added (including hunting, forestry and fishing - constant \$2005)	▲ 79.6%	1.53E+09 (1990)		2.75E+09 (2009)
Hours usually worked (including hunting and forestry - total coverage, men & women)	▼ 5.8%	37.1 (2004)		35 (2007)
Earnings per hour – Peso (including hunting and forestry - employees, men & women)	-	-	-	20.8 (1999)
Compensated injuries (including hunting and forestry - total)	-	-	-	152 (2008)
Renewable internal freshwater resources per capita (cubic meters)	▼ 21.8%	2,736 (1992)		2,140 (2007)
Forest area (% of land area)	0%	40.8 (1990)		40.8 (2010)
Arable land (% of land area)	▼ 11.1%	18.6 (1990)		16.6 (2008)
CONSTRUCTION	Var	Initial	Trend	Latest
Gross Value Added (constant \$2005)	▲ 115.5 %	1.11E+09 (1990)		2.40E+09 (2009)
Hours usually worked (total coverage, men & women)	▲ 1.5%	41.7 (2004)		42.3 (2007)
Earnings per hour –Peso (employees, men & women)	▲ 179%	27 (1999)		75.6 (2008)
Compensated injuries (total)	-	-	-	446 (2008)
TRANSPORT	Var	Initial	Trend	Latest
Gross Value Added (including storage and communication - constant \$2005)	▲ 742%	6.67E+08 (1990)		5.26E+09 (2009)
Hours usually worked (total coverage, men & women)	▲ 0.8%	43 (2004)		43.3 (2007)
Earnings per hour – Peso (employees, men & women)	▲ 115%	26.4 (1999)		56.5 (2008)
Compensated injuries (total)	-	-	-	391 (2008)
ENERGY	Var	Initial	Trend	Latest
Gross Value Added (data includes Mining, Manufacturing & Utilities - constant \$2005)	▲ 124%	3.79E+09 (1990)		8.49E+09 (2009)
Hours usually worked (total coverage, men & women) – Electricity, Gas & Water supply	▼ 2.1%	41.6 (2004)		40.7 (2007)
Earnings per hour – Peso (employees, men & women) – Electricity, Gas & Water supply	▲ 79%	30.6 (1999)		54.7 (2008)
Compensated injuries (total) – Electricity, Gas & Water supply	-	-	-	148 (2008)
CO2 emissions (metric tons per capita)	▲ 52%	1.3 (1990)		2.0 (2009)
Fossil fuel energy consumption (% of total)	▲ 5.9%	74.8 (1990)		79.2 (2008)

Analysis of key impacts of green investment in the sectors analysed

Table 1. Aggregated impacts of green investments amounting to 2% of GDP.

Investment USD	Investment local currency (LC)	1 yr Job creation	Share of employment	Average Jobs per Mn \$ invested	Average Jobs per Mn LC invested
\$746,090,979	26,879,235,661	64,462 - 87,213	1.8% - 2.5%	86 - 117	2 - 3

Table 2. Sectoral impacts of green investments.

	Energy	Construction	Transport	Agriculture
Investment Shares	40%	25%	30%	5%
Job creation	2,691 - 3,640	16,455 - 22,262	40,538 - 54,846	4,778 - 6,465
Jobs / Mn \$	9 - 12	88 - 119	181 - 245	128 - 173
Jobs / Mn LC	0.25 - 0.34	2 - 3	5 - 7	4 - 5

