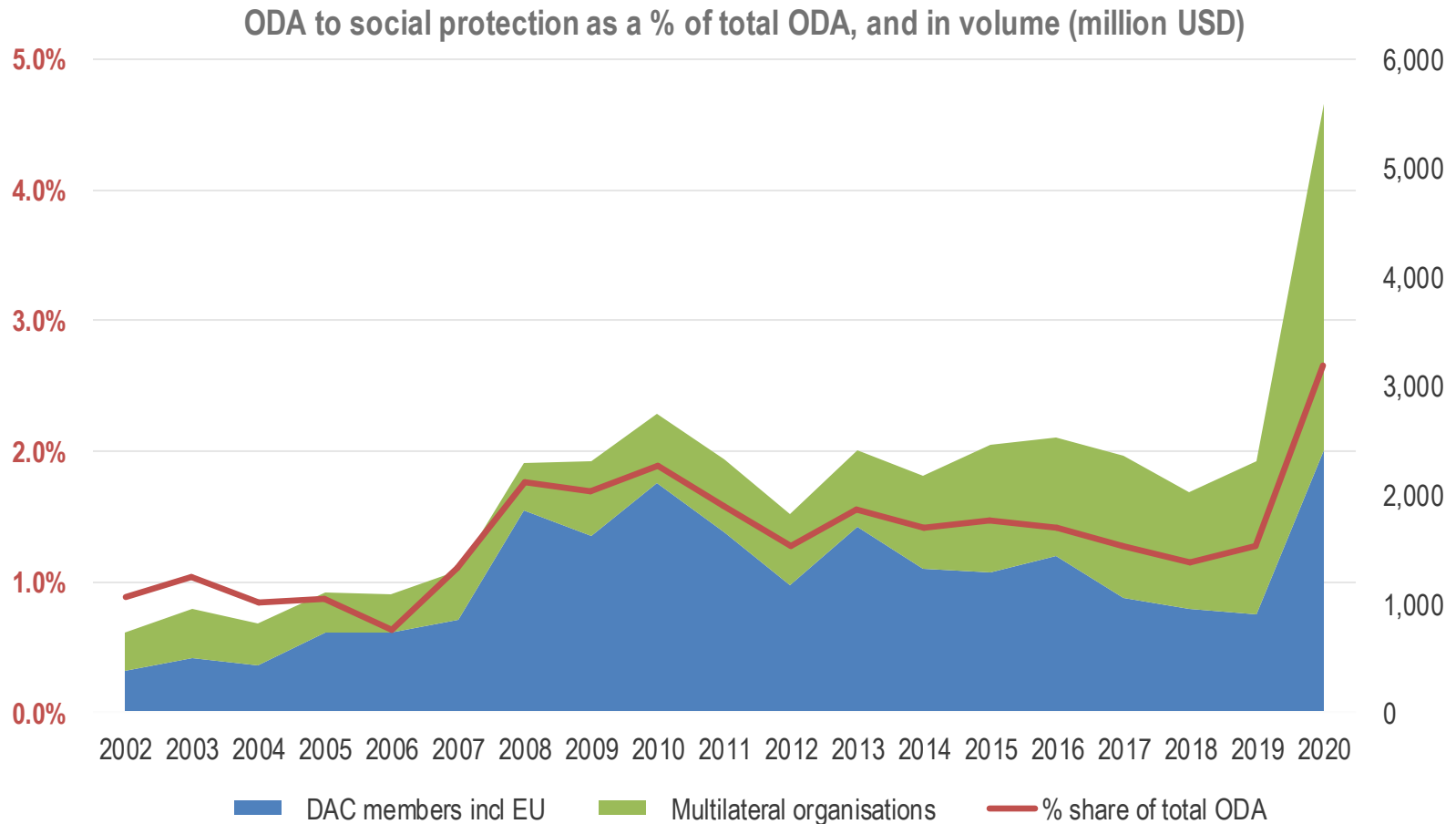


Trends and priorities in ODA for Social Protection

Diego López González- Development Cooperation Policy Coordinator

Trends in ODA to Social Protection

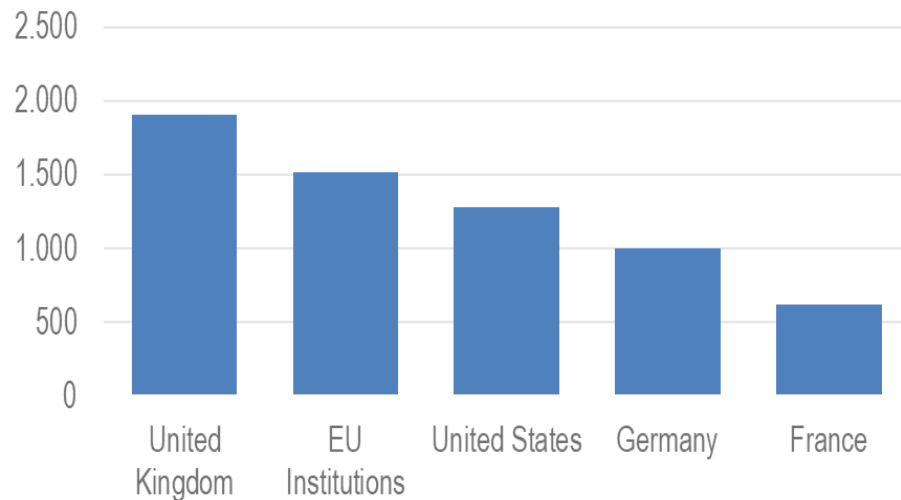


Note: gross disbursements at 2020 constant prices, million USD, including ODA from DAC members and multilateral outflows. CRS social protection: 16010

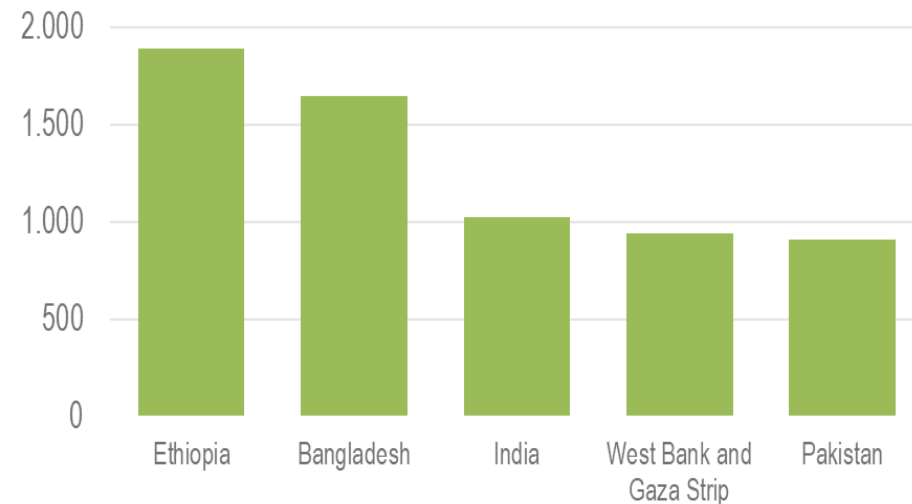
Source: OECD DCD presentation in Trade Union-DAC Forum 2022.

Top 5 donors and recipients of ODA for social protection

Top 5 DAC members, 2015-20, million USD



TOP 5 recipient countries, 2015-2020, million USD

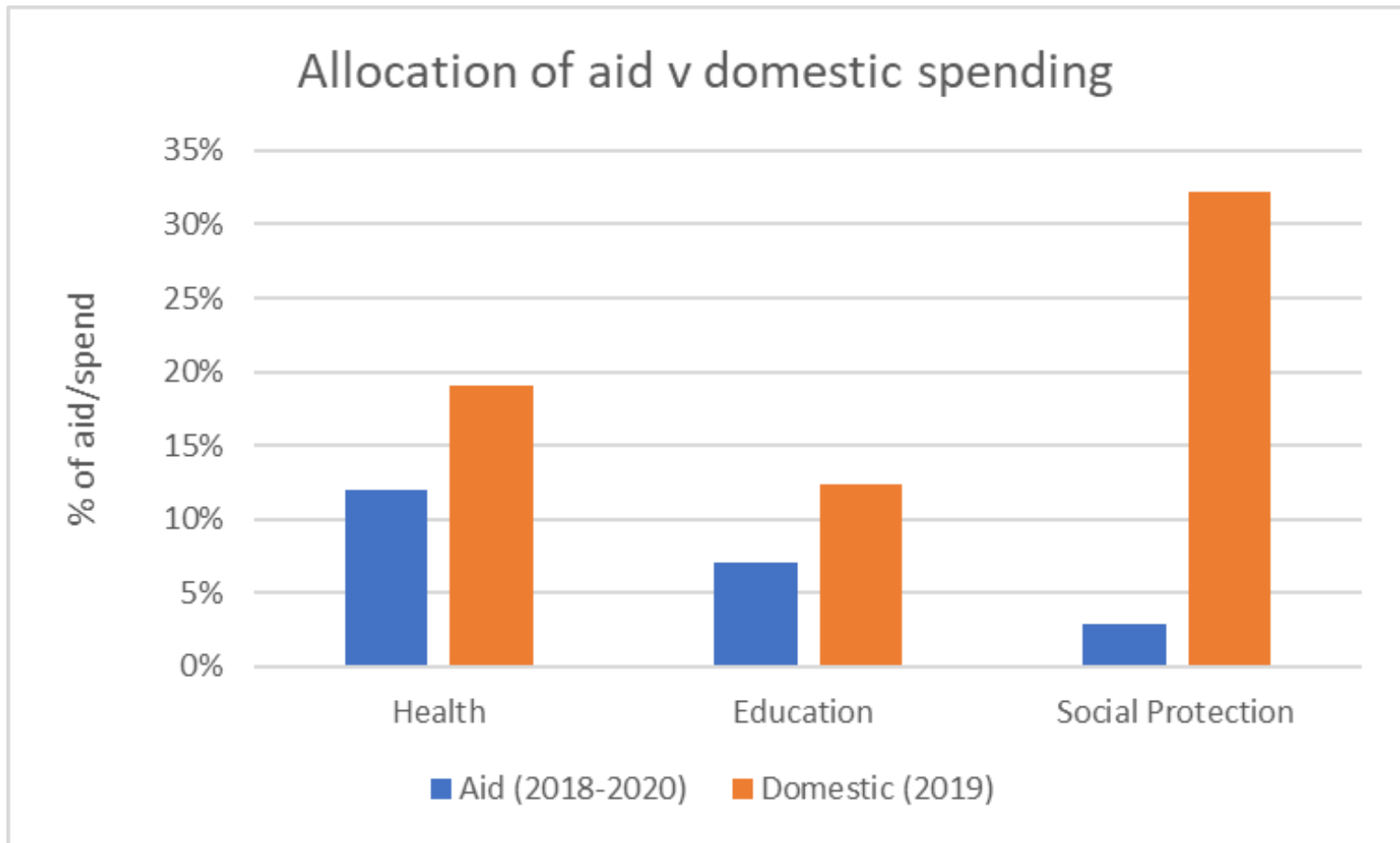


Note: 2015-20 total gross disbursements at 2020 constant prices, million USD.

- CRS purpose code for social protection: 16010

Source: OECD DCD presentation in Trade Union-DAC Forum 2022.

Allocations to health, education and SP



Domestic resource mobilisation

- Increase fiscal space to finance social protection through tax-based and contributory financing mechanisms
- Increase tax revenues: progressive taxation; tackling tax evasion and illicit financial flows.
- Enforce employers' responsibility for paying contributions
- Facilitate contributions from informal economy workers
- Innovative ways of financing social protection

Challenges in ODA to Social Protection

- ODA to social protection remains extremely low
- Worrying trend of increasing loans vs grants and conditionalities of IFIs
- Uncoordinated support to social protection
- Short term assistance measures and fragmentation rather than support to comprehensive systems.

Trade union demands on development aid to social protection

- Increasing ODA to 0.7% of donors' GNI
- Increasing the share of ODA to social protection to 7% of all ODA by 2030 and 14% beyond.
- Strengthening domestic resource mobilisation
- The Global Accelerator on Jobs and Social Protection for Just Transitions
- A Global Social Protection Fund